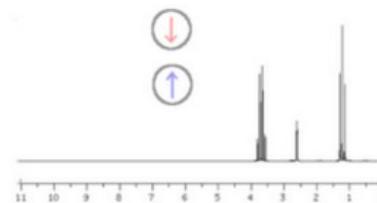
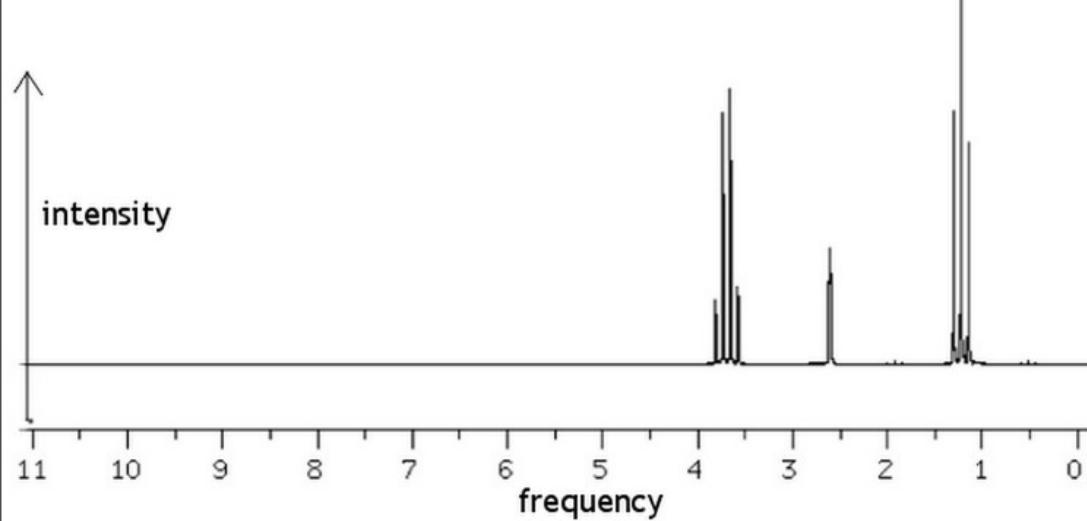


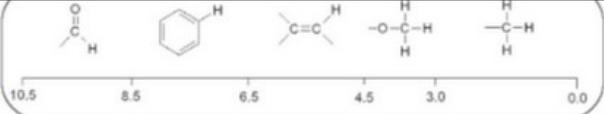
Proton Nuclear Magnetic Resonance

1. Introduction to H-NMR
2. Integration
3. Regions of spectrum
4. Coupling
5. Examples



1. Introduction to H-NMR

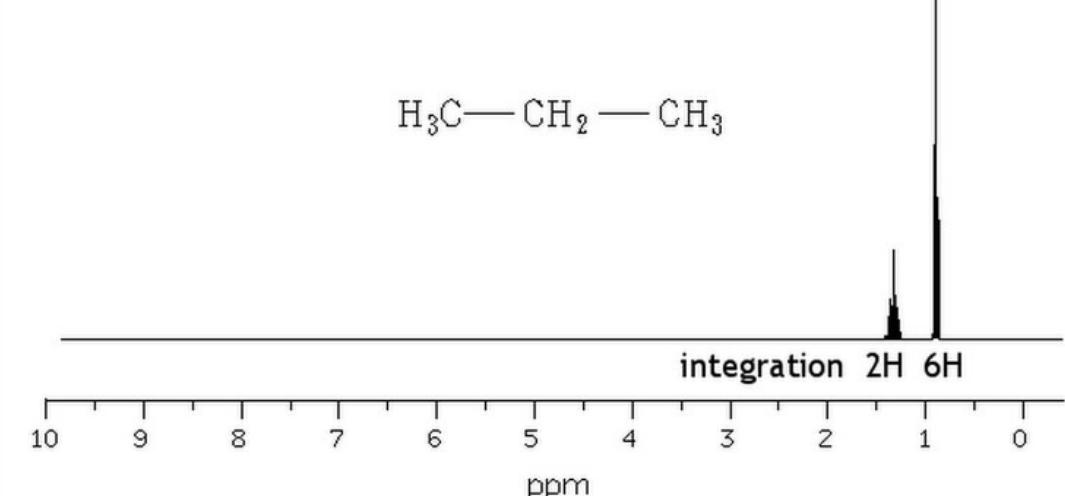
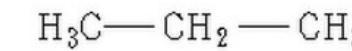
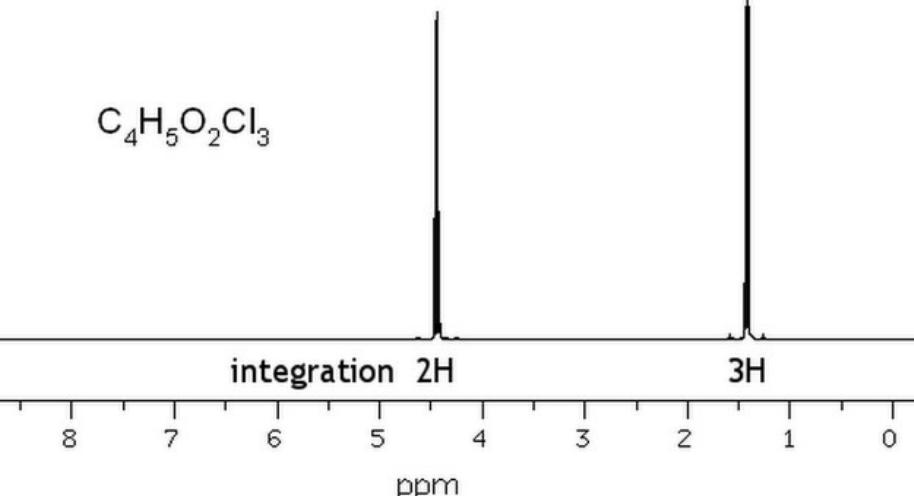
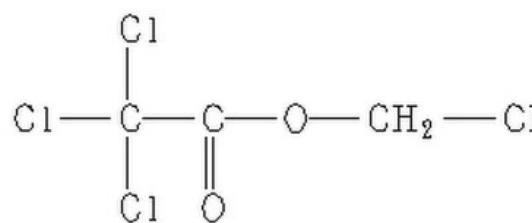
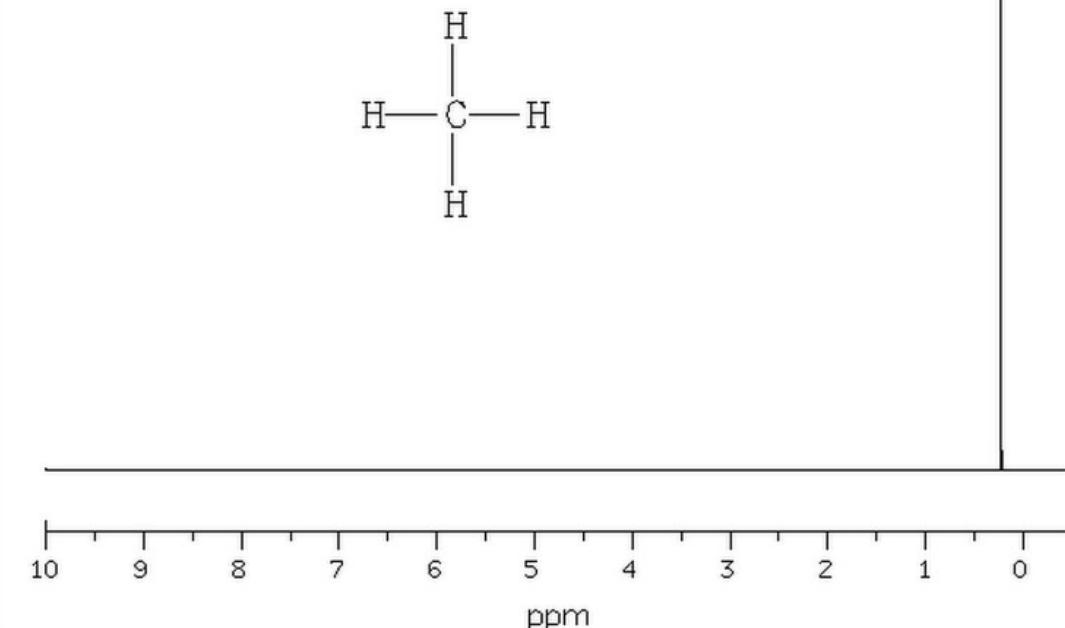
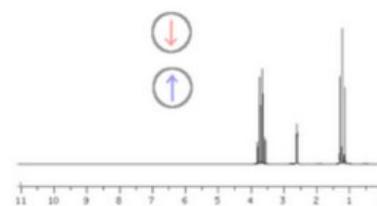


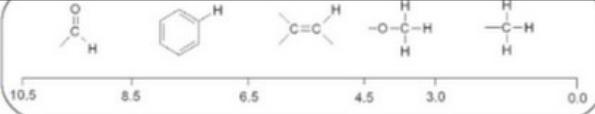


Proton Nuclear Magnetic Resonance

2. Integration

tells you how many protons each peak corresponds to

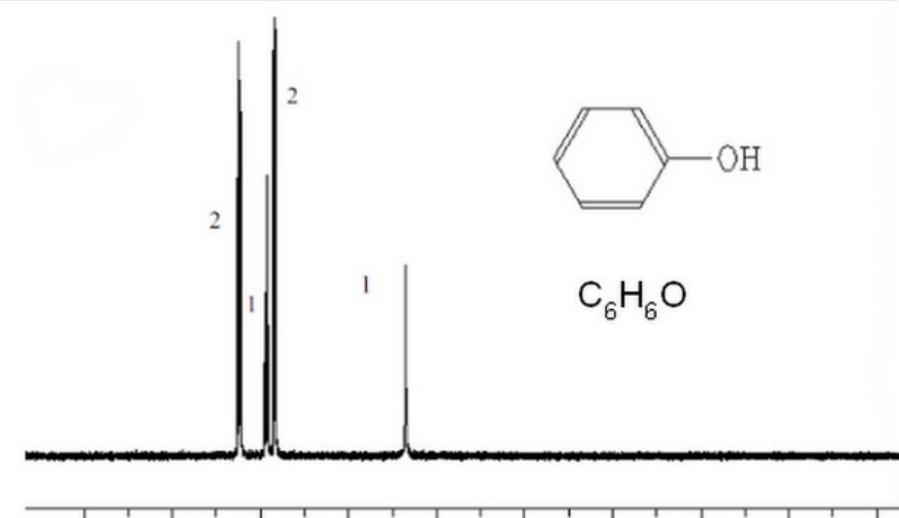
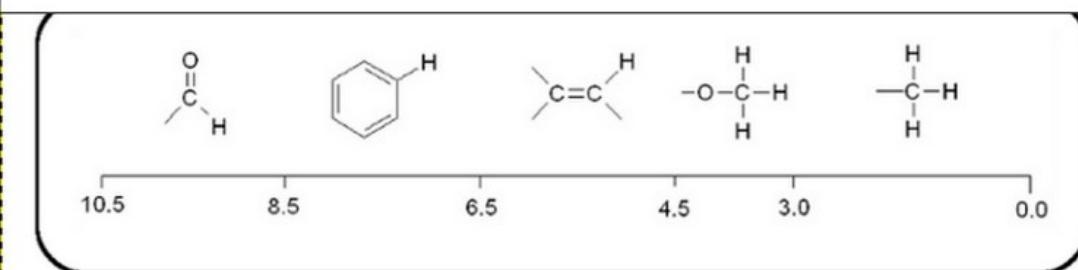
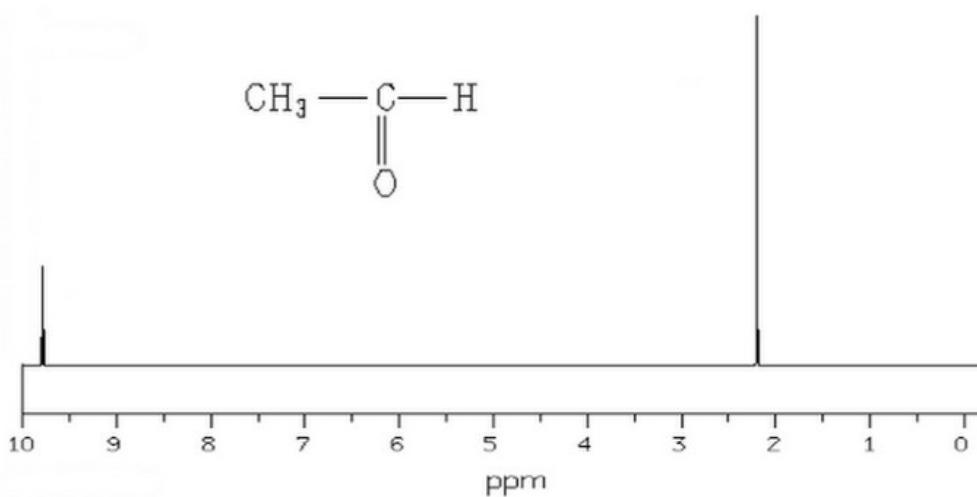
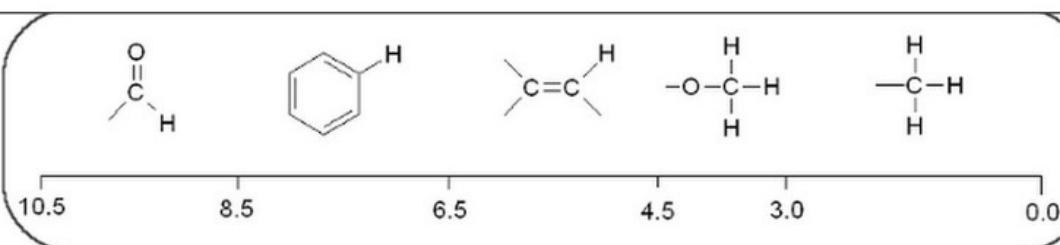
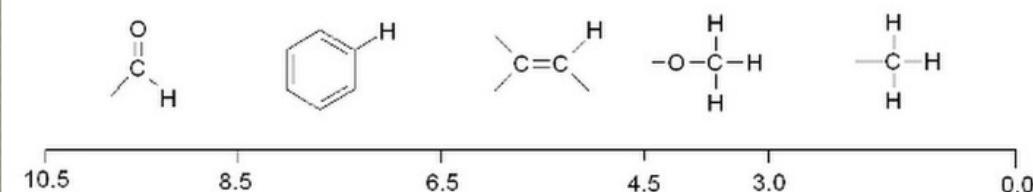
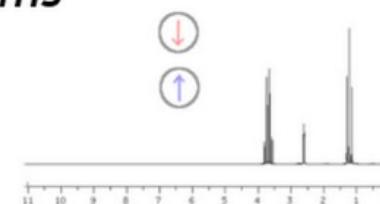


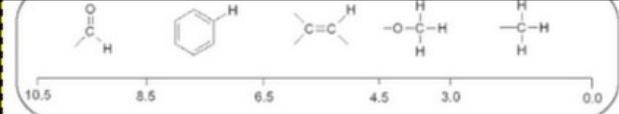


Proton Nuclear Magnetic Resonance

3. Regions of the spectrum

Chemical shift indicates the electron density around the hydrogen atoms

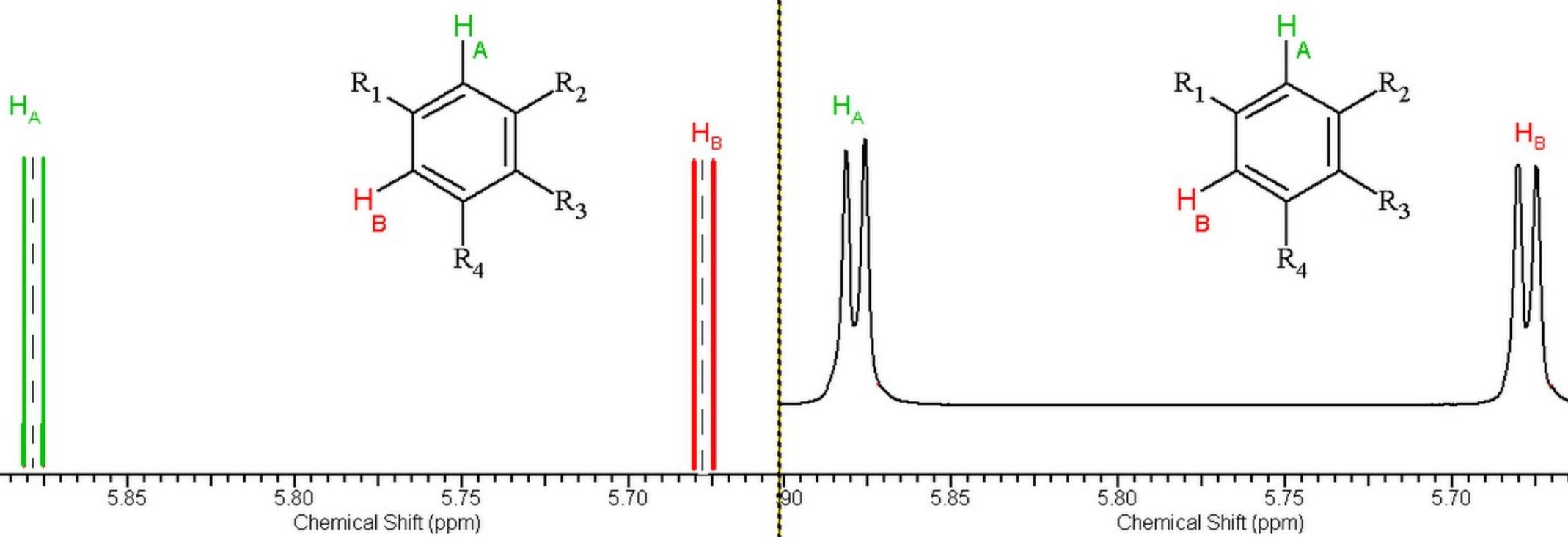
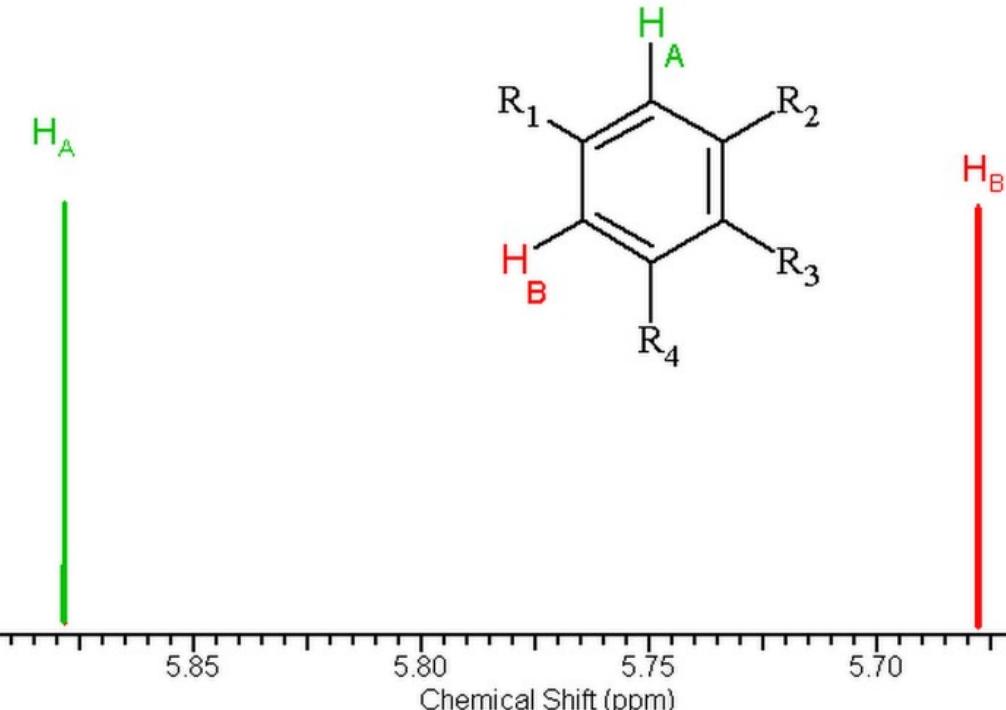
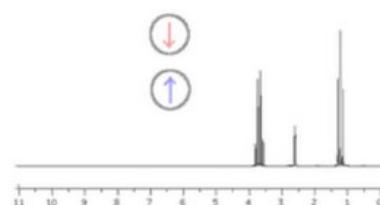


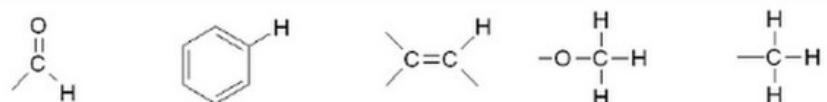
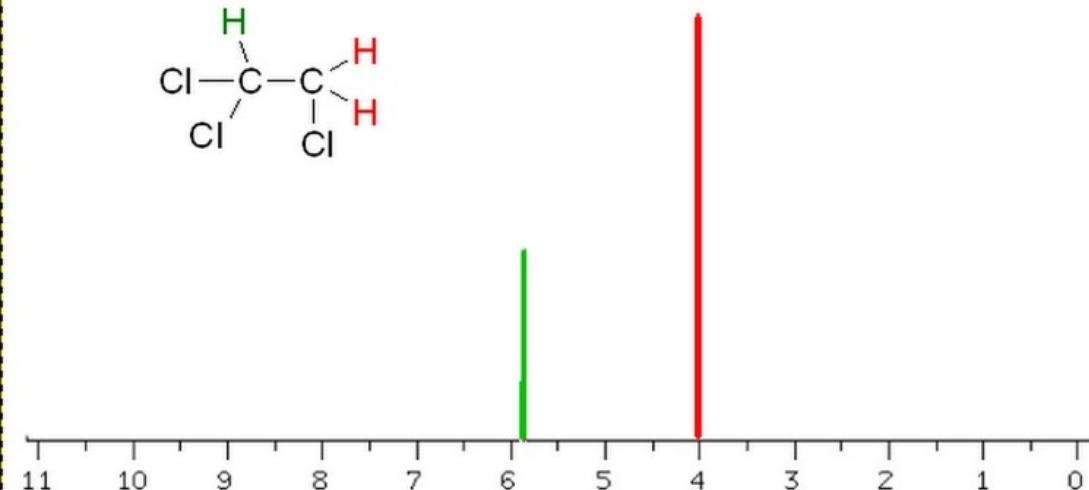
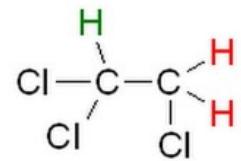


Proton Nuclear Magnetic Resonance

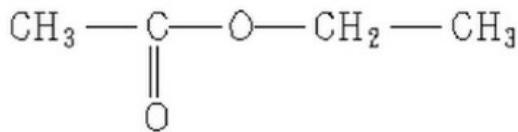
4. Coupling

tells you about nearby hydrogen atoms





10.5 8.5 6.5 4.5 3.0 0.0



singlet

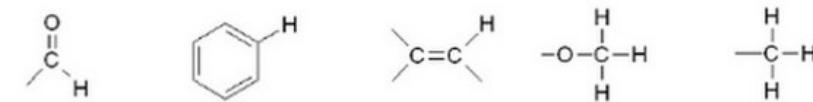
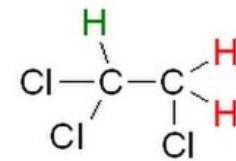
triplet

quartet

integration 2H

3H

ppm



10.5 8.5 6.5 4.5 3.0 0.0



integration 2H 1H 3H